

## L A N N O Y

The beginning of this family is naturally with the ancient town of Lannoy, of which there is little enough written. In an ancient map of Flanders, at the time of Charles, the Bold, of France, and Baldwin, 1st. Comte of Flanders, making the date about 863, is found a few miles from Isla, now Lille, a town called Aleutum, later known as L'Annois and Lannoy. The town may be older, as this country was under the rule of the Franks in the Fifth Century, the monarchy having been established by Clovis, 481. Lannoy is given as the title to a Countship in Flanders. It is a town some six miles from Lille, and to-day is a small manufacturing town.

The first Lord of Lannoy mentioned is Hugues de Lannoy, spoken of as a Knight of the Tournoi d'Anchin, in 1096 - a Simon also appears in the list.

A "Chaate des Chanoines" of St. Pierre at Lille, mentions Gilbert de Lannoy, 1171. Again we find Hugues de Lannoy in the "Charte de l'Abbaye de St. Aubert, 1186. This seems to be a meagre outline of the Lords of Lannoy before 1310, and all that can be found to date. With the last seigneur de Lannoy and de Lys of the old house, is taken up that Franchimont, to whom Mahienne, the sole heiress of Lannoy and Lys, was married in 1310, and from her husband assumed the seigneurie. He kept his arms and bequeathed them with the surname of Lannoy to his descendants ever after.

The seigneurie of Franchimont was in Normandy, west of Flanders. The family was an ancient and powerful one. About the year 1300 Jean de Franchimont passed into Flanders with a suite of retainers and followers in number of 3000, whom he brought to the assistance of Gui de Dampiere, Comte de Flander. The fame and power of this Seigneur de Franchimont must have been great indeed to lead and control as his own such a large body of followers. The son and heir was Hugues de Lannoy, born about 1311 and died June 1349 - married in 1329 Marguerite dame de Mingoal. She died aged 70 and was buried beside her husband in the entry to the choir of the Church of Lys.

Then follows Guillebert de Lannoy - Baudouin de Lannoy - died 1474 - Baudouin born 1438 - died May 7, 1501 was a Chevalier de Toison d'Or (Golden Fleece). Baudouin de Lannoy 2nd served with the Duc de Burgundy at the seige of Beauvais, in 1472. Philippe de Lannoy son of Baudouin, born about 1500, died 12th September 1543 - created Chevalier de la Toison d'Or and also Knight of the Golden Cross by the Emperor Charles V. Married Marguerite of Burgundy.

Jean de Lannoy, son of Philippe and Marguerite of Burgundy, born 1511, died 25th May 1560.

Gysbert de Lannoy, born at Toureving in 1545, of the Roman Catholic faith - but became Protestant (commonly called in derision Huguenots). To become such was quite sufficient to cause his being disinherited at the time of Jean's death, 1560. He fled to Leiden, Holland to avoid persecution. Jean de Lannoy, son of Gysbert - Born 1570, died at Leiden, 1604. He was married at the Walloon Church, January 13, 1596 to Marie le Mahieu, of a Brabant family.

Philippe de Lannoy, son of Jean and Marie de Lannoy, born at Leiden 1602, baptised in the Walloon Church December 6, 1603. He grew up under the teaching and influence of the Separatists of the Established Church of England, who fled to Holland in 1608 and took up their abode in Leiden. Marie de Lannoy married in 1605 her 2nd husband, Jean Pesyn. One reads of a home for the congregation of the French Church having been built by Jan Pesyn and Maria de Lannoy - who died in 1650. Above the entrance are inscribed in stone the following lines, translated thus:

"Here you are on the ruins of a dilapidated hut  
By a childless couple a fine structure built -  
For poor strangers who were cast out from their  
fatherland and peaceably here live."

also in a museum in Leiden are still to be seen two portraits in oils, of Jan Pesyn, two of Marie de Lannoy and one of her daughter. Marie de Lannoy was apparently of some service to the pilgrims at Leiden. Pastor John Robinson and others of his congregation from England doubtless took refuge there. This acquaintance with the pilgrims probably led the youth Philippe to join them later on. Philippe's name appears on the list of Emigres to America as Philip de la Noye. He left Leiden in 1621 to join the "Fortune", the first vessel to follow the "Mayflower". It came from London, England, bringing thirty-five colonists - landed at Plymouth, Mass. on November the eleventh, 1621. In addition to the passengers the "Fortune" brought the colonists a patent of their land. This document, bearing the date June 1st, 1621, is still preserved in the Pilgrim Hall, at Plymouth, and bears the signatures and seals of the Duke of Lenox, the Marquis of Hamilton and the Earl of Warwick - Thus our forefather Philippe de la Noye arrived in the new land.

Philippe de la Noye - son of Jean de Lannoy and Marie le Mahieu, born in Leiden 1602 - baptised 1603, died at Bridgewater, Mass. 1681 - aged 79 years, founded the American family of Delano - 1621. Married 1st. at Duxbury, Mass. December 19th, 1634. to Hester Dewsbury - 2nd, at Duxbury in 1659, Mary Pontwas (widow of James Glass). He had nine children - five sons and four daughters.

Jonathan - the fourth son, born 1647 at Duxbury, died at Dartmouth, now Fairhaven, December 23rd, 1720, aged 73 years. Married at Plymouth, February 28th, 1678 -

Mercy Warren - daughter of Nathaniel and Sarah Warren (son of Richard and Elizabeth Warren of the "Mayflower", Richard one of the 12 signers of the Mayflower Compact). They had 13 children. He moved to Dartmouth and inherited from his father 800 acres of land in this section. He was commissioned Lieutenant by Gov. Hinckley December 25th, 1689, and served in the Indian Wars.

Johathan Delano 2nd - son of Lt. Jonathan and Mercy Delano, born Jan. 30, 1680, died at Tolland Come, March 25th, 1752. Married June 20th, 1704, Amy, daughter of Joseph Hatch of Falmouth, Mass. They had thirteen children. In a history of Tolland it says "His records denote a man of superior education as well as a most useful citizen".

*Large Delano M. produce listed see no 47, 74  
to 1708 & 1712 1712 4112*

Johathan Delano 3rd - son of Jonathan and Amy Delano, born December 2nd, 1715, died at Hartford, September 28th, 1811. Married Oct. 8th, 1754, Anna, daughter of Timothy and Esther Ladd. They had nine children.

Philip Delano - son of Jonathan and Anna Delano, born at Coventry, Conn. Jan 14, 1761, died at New Haven, Oswego Co. N.Y. He probably settled here after the War of 1812. He fought through the revolution and was said to be Captain of the "Silver Grays" of Saratoga, N.Y. in the War of 1812. Married Esther Boardman. They had ten children, nine daughters and one son.

Abigail Delano - 7th daughter of Philip and Esther Delano, married Samuel Cherry. They had eight children.

\* Samuel Cherry - born in Londonderry, Ireland in the year 1756, died in New Haven, Oswego County, N.Y. State, October 21st, 1825. He was married to Ann Wallace.

Samuel Cherry - son of Samuel and Ann Wallace, married Abigail Delano. They moved from New York State to Belleville, Ontario. He died there in October, 1823, age 43 years, is buried in the Churchyard of St. Thomas, Belleville.

Betsy Cherry - daughter of Samuel and Abigail Cherry, born April 22nd, 1808, died August 7th, 1892, at Chatham, Ontario. She married William Spencer in Belleville, Ont. who came from Matlock, Derbyshire, England. Their children were:

Adelaide - born Feb. 20th, 1833, William, Timothy, Mary, Abigail, and Samuel, who died December 22nd, 1846, aged ten months. In 1837 they left Belleville and went to Michigan, only staying a short time, comint back to Canada and settling in Chatham, Ontario, where William Spencer died September, 1846, aged 41 years.

\* The following is a statement of the services of Samuel Cherry in the American Revolution - In the detachment enlisted from the army near Boston

in the summer of 1775, to join the expedition against Quebec, Samuel Cherry served in Captain Harry Dearborn's Company. In the muster roll his age is given as nineteen and his residence is given as Londonderry, New Hampshire, the time of service was four months and eight days.

In 1776, Canada Service, Samuel Cherry was an ensign in Captain Nesmith's Company.

In 1777 New Hampshire raised three regiments for the term of three years. Samuel Cherry was appointed First Lieutenant in Colonel Nathan Hale's regiment. It also appears he had held a commission as Lieutenant since November 7, 1776. He was promoted to Captain, November 30, 1779. From subsequent rolls it is evident that he continued in the service until the close of the war. The muster roll for the month of July, 1780 shows him in command of Captain Samuel Cherry's company of Light Infantry, Colonel Cortland's Regiment, detached from the 2nd New Hampshire, and that he was commissioned Captain November 1779. His name is found on subsequent rolls up to and including the roll for the month of April, 1783, which is the last roll upon which his name appears. The date and place of his discharge are not shown. After the close of the war Samuel Cherry returned to Londonderry, New Hampshire, where he lived for several years. Subsequently he moved to New York State. He died at New Haven, Oswego County, October 21st, 1825.

Authority for foregoing Statements:-

Certificate of the Secretary of State of the States of  
New Hampshire dated February 8th, 1896.

Copy of record by Chief of Record and Pension Office  
War Department, Washington, D.C., January 29th, 1896.

Affidavit of Samuel Alonzo Cherry, Marysville, Ohio,  
dated March 6th, 1896.

## THE ORDER OF THE GOLDEN FLEECE

"Toison d'or" established by Phillippe "le bon" Duke of Burgandy. The number of these Knights at the first selection was 24. This order was ranked then, as now, the first and highest in all Europe, and was conferred from the formation to our own times upon gentlemen of great distinction and is most highly prized. The House of Lannoy had 17 Knights of the Toison d'or, three of these were Founder Chevaliers.

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All "Coat Armour" is inherited with the surnames - from the founder.- They are not a mark of rank or distinction any more than the surname.

William "The Conqueror" 1035-1087 - married Matilda. They had Gundred or Gunereda - Married William de Warrenne Comte in Normandy - after the conquest became Earl of Surrey - from him is descended Richard Warren who was one of the 12 signers of the "Mayflower" compact - landed at Plymouth - married Elizabeth Jouatt - their son Nathaniel married in 1645 Sarah Walker - their daughter Mercy Warren married Lt. Jophathan Delano.

The following three entries were copied by Thomas Stone on May 24th, 1878, from an old family Bible in the possession of Robert Stone, of Alpena, Michigan. It was brought from the old home in the County of Carlow, Ireland, by his father, Thomas Stone, the last to leave Ireland.

Recopied by Margaret Stone, at Chatham, Ontario, August 27th, 1931.

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The ages of the Children of Laurence Stone

John Stone, born March 1st, 1755.

Debra Stone, born June 3rd, 1757.

Thomas Stone, born January 17th, 1760.

Ann Stone, born May 11th, 1762.

Andrew Stone, born July 15th, 1765.

County Carlow, Ireland.

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Thomas Stone - son of Laurence Stone, born January 17th, 1760, died in the County of Carlow, Ireland, June 17th, 1834. Married Elizabeth Cooper September 7th, 1793, who died June 20th, 1840. They had the following children:

Lorenzo, Ruth & Elizabeth (twins), Joseph, John,

Thomas, Doraty, Joseph, Ann, Richard, Robert.

John Stone - son of Thomas and Elizabeth Stone, born June 6th, 1798, died at Highgate, Ontario, November 16th, 1877, went to America April 9th, 1920. Married May 3rd, 1826, Mary Burns, who came from Ferns, near Dublin, died February 26th, 1899. They had nine children, four boys, five girls.

Thomas Stone - eldest son of John and Mary Stone, born February 2nd, 1827, died at Chatham, October 17th, 1899. Married Adelaide Spencer, daughter of William and Betsy Spencer, granddaughter of Abigail Delano Cherry, on June 23rd, 1857, died at Chatham, March 9th, 1871. Their children were:-

William Spencer, born June 26th, 1858, died October 26th, 1867.

Mary Elizabeth, born August 14th, 1859, died December 16, 1860.

Margaret, born October 11th, 1861

John, born February 26th, 1863, died October 18th, 1875.

Frederick, born February 27th, 1865, died

Adelaide, born January 29th, 1867

Spencer, born July 24th, 1869, died

Bessie, born February 25th, 1871, died May 21st, 1871.

Adelaide Stone - Daughter of Thomas & Adelaide Stone, married to Charles True  
Glass (born Jan. 1860, died 1936) on November 15th, 1892. Their children:-

Laurence Guernsey, born September 3rd, 1893.

Margaret Helen, born December 15th, 1900.